Each time a hunter buys a hunting license, the money he spends goes toward many facets of wildlife management. Since 1920, close to a million and a half acres of State Game Lands have been acquired with these funds. Each year nearly 7,000,000 is spent to improve wildlife habitat. Habitat improvements enhance living conditions for non-game birds and mammals as well as those species which are hunted. Pennsylvania hunters willingly share these lands with the non-hunting public, and with few exceptions, state Game Lands are open for general use year round. Surveys indicate that hunting accounts for only thirty-five percent of game land usage. The remaining sixty-five percent is used by the general public for non-hunting purposes.

"Working Together for Wildlife" is a Game Commission program providing everyone an opportunity to help support wildlife management in the areas for endangered and non-game animals. Monies derived from the "Working Together for Wildlife" Program are being used in Pennsylvania to re-introduce the osprey, river otter, bald eagle, paregine falcon and provide habitat for other birds and mammals indigenous to the Commonwealth. Construction placement of blue bird houses on State Game Lands provides needed homes for this beautiful songbird. Islands in the Susquehanna River have been set aside as propagation areas for non-game shore birds. Numerous other projects are planned on State Game Lands and other public properties which will also provide food and habitat for non-game wildlife.

The future of Pennsylvania's wildlife resources requires the concern, cooperation and financial support of everyone, hunters and non-hunters alike. "Working Together for Wildlife" is the answer. Send your contributions to "Working Together for Wildlife", 2001 Elmerton Avenue, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17110-6797.

State Game Lands 145 is located in Southern Lebanon County in the townships of South Londonderry and West Cornwall. The deeded acreage for this game lands is 2,816 acres and it is in Land Management Group I of the Southeast Region in Wildlife Management Unit 5B. There are 15 maintained parking areas on SGL 145, and it is easily accessible from SR 117, SR 241, and SR 341.

Nearly 87% of SGL 145 is forested. Both big game and small game are hunted on SGL 145. Deer, turkey, grouse, rabbits, pheasants and squirrels are found here. Ducks are occasionally hunted on the game land's two impoundments. There are also opportunities for muskrat and mink trapping around both Lake Duffy and the Cavalry Dam. Red and gray fox, and raccoons are actively trapped on the game lands.

The farmland portion, which includes 180 acres of cultivated fields, is stocked with ring-necked pheasants and is part of the Youth Pheasant Hunt Program. There is a small part of the game lands that is managed for eastern cottontail.

Approximately 2.0 miles of Rails to Trails traverses the game lands in the area of Lake Duffy on the abandoned railroad grade. General Nicholas Biddle Road, part of the Horseshoe Trail, bisects the game lands east to west and is open to horseback riding, mountain biking, and from January 15th thru March 31st is designated as a snowmobile trail. Boy Scout Road south of the Rail Trail is also open to horseback riding. There are many opportunities for hiking on the more than 16 miles of roads found on the tract. Bird watching is a popular activity on SGL 145, as is cross-country skiing.

In 1938, 1,921 acres was acquired from the Department of Military Affairs. In 1941, an additional 736 acres was acquired from the military. Prior to the Game Commission ownership, the U.S. Cavalry used these grounds as a training facility and headquarters, and remains of horse stalls still exist on the grounds. Calvary Dam is a small impoundment that was used for bathing and exercising horses and remains on the game lands. The remains of the old Grist Mill are still standing just east of the Food and Cover Headquarters building. There was once a Boy Scout Camp near Lake Duffy. Dinosaur Rock is an interesting geological feature on the tract.