Pennsylvania 2018 August Public Turkey Sighting Survey Results

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The August Public Turkey Sighting Survey provides an estimate of the average number of wild turkey poults (young of the year) produced per hen (hens with poults + hens that did not raise a brood) across the state. This ratio tracks total summer turkey reproduction to compare to other Northeastern states for a regional view of wild turkey reproductive trends and helps predict fall harvest potential. The public reports data either via a mobile application or online at https://pgcdatacollection.pa.gov/TurkeyBroodSurvey.

In 2018 there were 8,874 useable turkey sightings, down from 19,617 in 2017 and 30,184 in 2016, which was the survey's first year. Statewide reproductive success was 2.4 poults per hen; slightly higher than 2017 (2.3) and the same as 2016. Reproductive success varied by WMU from 1.6 poults per hen (WMU 4E) to 4.6 (WMU 3A). The average for other northeastern states was 2.5, and was slightly lower than 2017 (2.6) and 2016 (2.7). Reproduction fluctuates annually due to factors including spring weather, habitat, winter food abundance, predation, and fall harvest the previous year. Thus, poult survival has a large effect on population trends.

Data from the Northeast Region Climate Center show rainfall in June 2018 was above average in the northwest, southwest and south-central regions, which likely negatively impacted poult survival in portions of those regions but was average in the southeast and below average in the northcentral and northeast regions, which may have benefited poult survival in certain portions of those WMUs. Fortunately, monthly temperatures averaged 3-7 degrees warmer than average in May and mainly average in June, which tend to benefit poult survival. Recruitment also is impacted by poor habitat, such as lack of brood-rearing habitat, and/or a poor mix of habitats, which makes turkeys more susceptible to cold, wet weather, and predation. These factors lead to great variability in overall recruitment even within WMUs.

See data table on next page.

2018 August turkey sightings reported by the public by Wildlife Management Unit (WMU), by age and sex, and the reproductive index (poults per all hens seen). Previous 2 years reproductive index provided for comparison.

		Hens with	Hens without		Unknown	Total	Reproductive Index (Poults/All Hens) each year		
WMU	Poults	Poults	Poults	Males	Age/Sex	Turkeys	2018	2017	2016
1A	187	67	27	56	94	431	2.0	1.9	1.9
1B	209	66	9	57	13	354	2.8	2.1	1.9
2A	419	128	59	143	65	814	2.2	1.2	3.1
2B	498	151	142	147	146	1084	1.7	1.6	2.6
2C	277	76	44	29	27	453	2.3	2.5	2.5
2D	185	52	59	28	63	387	1.7	2.2	2.0
2E	154	44	24	16	53	291	2.3	2.9	2.7
2F	220	49	26	20	39	354	2.9	2.6	2.9
2G	335	97	13	36	9	490	3.0	3.4	2.7
2H	150	40	10	30	22	252	3.0	3.0	2.1
3A	170	31	6	27	2	236	4.6	3.8	3.4
3B	345	97	65	73	65	645	2.1	3.3	2.4
3C	331	99	42	96	37	605	2.3	2.7	2.5
3D	388	112	53	83	99	735	2.4	1.6	2.1
4A	170	35	4	6	14	229	4.4	4.6	2.3
4B	177	37	5	10	9	238	4.2	2.8	2.5
4C	224	63	20	35	76	418	2.7	2.1	2.0
4D	218	62	28	68	69	445	2.4	2.5	2.4
4E	81	28	24	19	43	195	1.6	2.6	2.8
5A	81	22	9	10	33	155	2.6	2.9	1.7
5B	490	147	87	68	112	904	2.1	2.1	2.2
5C	104	30	14	13	38	199	2.4	1.7	2.1
5D	47	11	2	0	0	60	3.6	3.1	1.4
State									
Total	5,460	1,544	772	1,070	1,128	9,974	2.4	2.3	2.4

^a WMU 5D, low sample size, not reliable.